DEVELOPMENT OF COMIC MEDIA ON VIRUS MATERIALS FOR HIGH SCHOOL CLASS STUDENTS

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ABSTRACT

The development was carried out aimed at finding out the feasibility of comic learning media in viral material for high school students of class X This research is a Research and Development study using a 4-D model (Define, Design, Develop, and Disseminate) limited to the Develop stage. The data taken from this study is based on the validation of material experts, media experts, linguists, and readability tests. The results of the validation by the expert team get an average score of 84.64% with proper information. Student readability test results are 90% high category with very decent information. According to the results outlined in the comic learning media, it is worthy of being used as a learning media for viral material.

Keywords: Research Development, Media Comics

1. INTRODUTIONS

Learning is a process of interaction between students and educators and learning resources. The interaction created between students must be able to create an atmosphere that is interactive, inspiring, fun, challenging, and motivates students to actively participate. This is a goal that can be expected. The purpose of learning is to help students gain a variety of experiences, with that experience, students' behavior increases in both quantity and quality. One aspect that greatly influences learning is how a teacher delivers material. Especially in learning Natural Sciences (IPA) (Hamdani, 2011). Science learning conveys more theories and concepts, so that in the delivery of learning media it is necessary to make it easier for students to understand theories and concepts.

Learning media is something that can be used as a means of connecting to achieve messages in student learning activities. Good media will make students easy to understand the material. The selection of the right media is needed to support students understanding. The teacher must pay attention to material that is difficult for students to understand, so

students are able to understand a material. Sudjana and Rivai (2011) say that in the presence of learning media, the learning process will attract students' attention, thus improving student learning outcomes. Learning media include tools physically used to convey the contents of learning materials such as books, tape recorders, tapes, videos, cameras, films, slides, pictures, graphics, television, and computers.

The first step taken before the development of the media, namely observing the characteristics of students and material that is considered difficult by students. Observations were made by giving open questionnaires to 80 students in 4 schools. As many as 73.7% of students stated material in biology subjects that were difficult to understand, namely viruses. As many as 93.7% of students are interested if the teacher uses learning media as a support for understanding the material. Students are very interested and enthusiastic more actively, better understanding learning by using media. Students say that the desired learning media is media that is considered to facilitate students to understand the material, students tend to prefer and quickly understand learning media such as images.

Learning by looking at images makes it easy for students to understand and remember messages or information. Students are easier to remember things that have been seen by the eye than just hearing an explanation from the teacher without help from the picture. One way to overcome this is by presenting pictorial media that are presented in language in the classroom. Media comics is a book containing illustrated stories, the age of children so that adolescents tend to be more fond of reading comic stories than reading subject books. This is because comics have interesting images and contain stories. It is hoped that with the comic-based learning media developed in this study, later it can help students understand viral material easily.

The development of comic learning media is supported by research conducted by A'yun et al (2014), Jariah (2017), the results of the two studies said that comic media is worthy of being used as a learning media. These results indicate that the media developed is effectively used in the learning process. The purpose of the research was to find out the media feasibility of comic learning in virus material for class X high school.

2. RESEARC METHODS

The design of this study is research and development (Research and Development). The approach used is a qualitative approach and a quantitative approach. Quantitative data in the form of assessment scores from the expert team (material experts, media experts, linguists), qualitative data in the form of advice and input from the expert team. The development model used is a 4-D model developed by Thiagarajan et al 1978, which consists of the stages of define, design, and development without performing the disseminate stage.

The procedure of the study begins with the define stage, carried out to determine the needs in the field and the products needed by conducting a front end analysis, analysis of student characteristics, task analysis, concept analysis, and determinant learning objectives. The second stage is design, which is done by compiling tests, compiling the media, compiling the format, the initial design of the product. The third stage is development, this stage is a process to produce a product that is feasible to use through validation by a team of experts

Products that have been declared feasible by the expert team can be used for product testing. Product testing is done by readability, teacher response, and student response. The research instrument used was a questionnaire validation sheet by a team of experts, and student readability questionnaires, teacher responses, and student responses. The data analysis technique used in this study is qualitative data analysis

and quantitative data analysis. The results of the data analysis were then interpreted and concluded based on the assessment qualification criteria in Table 1 and 2.

Percentage (in percent)	Level of Validity	Information
85 - 100	Very valid	Very Worthy
70 - 84	Valid	Worthy
65 - 69	Valid enough	Fair enough
50 - 54	Less Valid	Not worth it
0 - 49	Invalid	Not feasible

Table 1. Criteria for validity and product revision

(Source: adapted from Purwanto in Ula, 2013)

Table 2. Criteria for student readability and response

Percentage	Category	Information			
85%≤ P	High	Very Positive			
70% ≤ P < 85%	Is being	Positive			
50% ≤ P < 70%	Enough	Less Positive			
P < 50%	Low	Not Positive			
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(Source: adapted from Purwanto in Ula, 2013)

3. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The define stage is carried out to find out the front end analysis, analysis of student characteristics, task analysis, concept analysis, and determinant learning objectives. The analysis was carried out as the basis for developing media products that were in accordance with the needs. The front end analysis is conducted to find out the curriculum applied in the school. curriculum that has been applied in schools, namely the 2013 curriculum. The results of student analysis show that the characteristics of students. Task analysis is adjusted to KI and KD. Formulation of learning objectives to establish the basis needed in the development of learning media. Development of learning media must be in accordance with the basic competencies achieved by students. Based on these basic competencies indicators and learning objectives will be formulated.

The design phase is designing the design of the initial design of the product which was developed in the form of comic learning media on viral

material for high school students of class X. This type of media comic is science fiction, designed using Hybrid techniques. The choice of background on the media is adjusted to the storyline, a combination of images and information accordingly. This comic media is also designed with a combination of full color, so it looks attractive.

The development stage is the development stage that produces products, namely biological comics. The media of biology comics has been validated by material experts, media experts, linguists, and student readability tests. Expert assessment of comic-shaped learning media aims to determine the feasibility of learning media for class X high school students. The results of material expert validation can be seen in Table 3.

No	Description	Score			
		Validator 1	Validator 2	Validator 3	
1	Material Aspects	30	27	30	
3 Compatibility of					
	Material with Design	32	30	35	
Tot	Total score			184	
Per	Percentage of average scores of Material Experts 81,7%			81,7%	
Category				Worthy	

Table 3. Assessment of material experts

The assessment of material experts is 81.7%, so comic learning media in terms of material aspects are suitable to be used as media. The material in the comic media is complete and in accordance with the media. The storyline in the media is in accordance with the level of difficulty in the material. The material in comic media is also presented with applications in everyday life, making it easier for students to understand material. The second assessment was carried out by 3 media experts. It can be seen in Table 4.

Tabl	Table 4. Assessment of media experts					
No	Description	Score				
		Validator 1	Validator 2	Validator 3		
1	Cover Design	13	15	15		
2	Image Clarity	23	28	27		
3	3 Conformity to the					
	Format of Writing, and					
	Typography	28	35	34		
Tota	Total score 218					
Per	Percentage of average scores of Media Experts 90,83%					
Cat	Category Very Worthy					

The presentation component gets a percentage of 90.83% with a very decent category. Based on the media comic eligibility criteria in the virus material has been declared feasible. This comic media is completely compiled with supporting images about virus material. In the comic media there is an illustration of the storyline that fits the material. Illustrations in this media are very important to support the attractiveness of media loading, to attract students' attention. The third assessment was carried out by 3 linguists as can be seen in Table 5.

No	Description		Score		
		Validator 1	Validator 2	Validator 3	
1	Language				
	Compatibility and Use				
	of Terms	28	28	30	
2	Typography	12	12	12	
Tota	Total score 122				
Percentage of average scores of Linguists 81,33 %				81,33 %	
Category W			Worthy		

Table 5. Assessment of linguists

The assessment of linguists got a score of 81.33% in the feasible category. The language used in the media is in accordance with the eligibility requirements. The language for explanation in comic media is adjusted to the level of student development. The language used can be easily digested by students in understanding material. After going through

the assessment stage by the next media experts, namely readability test, teacher response assessment, and student response. The assessment can be seen in Table 6.

No	Description			Score		
		Students	Students	Students	Students	s Students
_		1	2	3	4	5
1	Graphic					
	design	10	9	10	9	10
2	Language					
_	aspects	19	19	19	19	18
2	Coverage					
	of Material	17	19	19	20	18
Tota	Total score 235					235
Ave	Average score percentage 90%					90%
Cate	Category Very positive				Very positive	

Table 6.	Assessment of	readability tests
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Based on the assessment of the readability test of 90% included in the very positive category, so it can be said that the media is very feasible to use. The design used attracts student's attention, the suitability of illustrations and images is good. Language aspects are used according to the level of student development, making it easier for students to understand the material. The scope of the material in the media is complete and in accordance with the media. The storyline in the media is in accordance with the level of difficulty in the material. Assessment of teacher responses and student responses can be seen in Tables 7 and 8

Table 7	. Teacher response		
No	Description	Score	
		Student 1	Student 2
1	Material Aspects	75	66
2	Media Aspects	50	46
3	3 Language aspects 73		67
Total I score			377
Percentage of average scores of Material Experts			92%
Category			Very Worthy

Table 7. Teacher response

Table 8. Student responses

No	The number	C	Description
	of students	Positive aspects of comic media	Negative aspects of comic media
1	35	754	717
Total score			1471
Average score percentage		centage	84,05%
Category			Positive

The teacher's response results were 92%, thus indicating that the comic media was very suitable for use in the learning process. The results of student responses were 84.05% in the positive category. The comic media on this viral material gets a positive response from students seen from the concept of making comics, story lines and examples of material images that are easy to understand, a combination of interesting illustrations and colors, so that students can attract the attention of comic media on viral material that is. The results of the validation of the experts above are in accordance with the research conducted by Evriyani et al (2016) entitled "Development of Concept Map-Based Comics As Learning Media In Nervous System Materials In High School" resulting in decent media products with scores of material experts 92.6%, experts media 86.6%, and teacher perceptions 85.5% with good interpretations.

4. CONCLUSIONS

Based on the development research that has been carried out by material experts, media experts and linguists get an average score of 84.64%, the teacher response results are 92%, and student responses are 84.05%, so it can be concluded that comic learning media on the material the virus is suitable for use in Biology science learning class X high school.

5. Suggestion

Suggestions that can be given is that the researcher should do further development research in the next material. Researchers are also advised to conduct research development until the disseminate stage.

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