

NEWS FRAMEWORK OF THE ARREST OF DJOKO TJANDRA IN KOMPAS.COM AND DETIK.COM

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Abstract

Like conventional media, online media is also active to take part in reporting every reality that is happening around. Online media can influence the meaning and image that results from the reality it constructs. This study aims to identify the news about Djoko Tjandra's arrest in online media Kompas.com and Detik.com. This study uses a qualitative approach with a Robert N. Entman framing analysis method which is carried out with four tools, namely: (1) defining the problem, (2) diagnosing the cause, (3) making moral judgements, (4) treatment recommendations. Object of this research is the news about the arrest of suspect in the corruption case, Djoko Tjandra, by Bareskrim Polri which were uploaded by the two media from 31 July to 7 August 2020. From the research results, Kompas.com uses a frame in the legal field and tends to highlight this case as a legal problem. This is reinforced by the inclusion of legal references, selection of sources with legal backgrounds, and explanations of legal procedures in this case. Meanwhile, Detik.com defines the problem as a violation of the law and presents news related to moral issues such as Djoko Tjandra asking for protection from various parties.

Keywords: Framing, Djoko Tjandra, Online Media, Corruption, Entman.

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1. INTRODUCTION

The development of communication and information technology has changed the world of mass media in Indonesia. The analog system was replaced by the digital system, which gave rise to a new phenomenon, namely convergence. Convergence is the joining of traditional telecommunication media with the internet at once. The presence of online media is one result of media convergence. In the era of media convergence, the information presented by online media is now not limited by time and space.

According to Sugihartati (2014) media convergence does not only affect changes in journalistic processes, but also involves various aspects of life. It will have an impact on people's media consumption, public perception, information dissemination and media literacy,

for example. In short, media convergence will present a new social media construction like never before.

The construction of new social media results from the process of social expression and projection of workers in the media in the form of broadcasts, impressions and / or writing. Every broadcast, broadcast, and writing in the media contains the ideology and interests of the owners, shareholders, editors, producers, writers or editors. These broadcasts, shows and writings then build social relations between workers in the media and the surrounding community. Social relations, said Mark Schulman, for a journalist with other people in the media aim to reveal the truth (Kovach, 2014). This means that broadcasts and impressions produced by the media to the public will form a certain meaning.

Like conventional media, online media also actively takes part in reporting and constructing every reality that occurs around them. Kompas.com and Detik.com who regularly report journalism, for example. Based on the alexa.com site, online journalistic media Kompas.com and Detik.com are included in the ten most visited news portals in Indonesia. These two online media were ranked 6th and 7th according to Alexa.com in August 2020 (accessed on 28/08/2020, 13:25 WIB).

The corruption case that had become the main concern of the two online media was the arrest of Djoko Tjandra in the Bank Bali corruption case. Djoko Tjandra is known to have caused losses to the state amounting to Rp. 904 billion, but he failed several times from the prosecutor's summons to be executed until he was finally declared a fugitive. Reporting from the news on the Kompas.com page, Djoko Tjandra was finally arrested in Malaysia in cooperation between the Indonesian Police and the Malaysian Police.

Corruption itself is a troubling global problem with detrimental effects on economic performance, political stability, and community integration (Hellman, Jones, Kaufmann, & Schankerman, 1999; Mauro, 1995; Nye, 1967). In a survey on corruption perceptions, Indonesia has actually improved. In the KPK report submitted at the launch of the 2019 Corruption Perception Index results by Transparency International Indonesia (TII) on its official website, Indonesia's Corruption Perception Index (CPI) score is 40 points this year. This puts Indonesia in position 85 out of 180 countries. Even so, news about corruption cases has surfaced again in Indonesia so it is interesting to study further. This is what makes researchers interested in studying how the construction of reality is carried out by the media regarding the case of Djoko Tjandra's arrest.

The news about the Djoko Tjandra corruption case will be examined using framing analysis. This research is intended to enrich studies with framing analysis within the scope of communication science. Framing analysis is currently a favorite research. This year (2020), for

example, Harnida's writing was published which examined the analysis of the framing of cases of alleged campaign violations of the legislative candidates for the DPR RI in the Southeast Sulawesi electoral district on Zonasultra.com. Meanwhile, Pinontoan (2020) conducted a framing analysis of the January 2020 Jakarta flood news in Kompas.com and Jawapos.com daily. Mutiara (2020) examines the analysis of news framing on cases of violence on campus introduction orientation.

Harnida (2020) says that framing analysis is used to see how events are understood and framed by the media, whether or not the media is on an issue. Meanwhile, Pinontoan (2020) also states that framing is a way that can be used to find out how the construction of reality in news coverage in the mass media. According to him, the framing goes through a construction process so that it produces a certain meaning which is finally displayed on the news. It is different from the research conducted by Mutiara (2020), which views framing as a perspective used by journalists in selecting events and writing news.

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In contrast to the three studies above, the framing chosen by the researcher aims to compare the news frames in the online media Kompas.com and Detik.com; how the two media raised the news about the Djoko Tjandra corruption case from various aspects. According to the researchers, Robert N. Entman's framing analysis is the most suitable for this study. Because, in this model, the unit of analysis that will be thoroughly examined includes four things, namely define problems, cause diagnosis, make moral judgment, and treatment recommendation. This

model will be used by the author to reveal the framing of the Djoko Tjandra corruption case in online media Kompas.com and Detik.com.

2. RESEARCH METHODS

The method we use in this research is descriptive qualitative. According to Moleong (2007), qualitative methodology is a research method that is based on written words or verbally from visible actions. The researcher chose this approach with the aim of analyzing the media in constructing a case or reality in the news and describing it systematically and factually, especially regarding the reporting of the case of Djoko Tjandra's arrest in the online media Kompas.com and Detik.com.

This study aims to see how online media Kompas.com and Detik.com form different frames and perspectives on the same reality. That way, researchers need to analyze the two media using framing analysis. Researchers use the Robert N Entman version of the model which divides the framing device into four elements, namely: define problems (defining problems), diagnose causes (estimating the causes of problems), make moral judgments (making moral choices), and treatment recommendations (emphasizing solutions) (Eriyanto , 2002).

Robert N. Entman's model is one of several framing analysis models. According to Entman, what we know about reality or about the world depends on how we frame and interpret that reality. Entman divides the framing device into the following 4 elements (Entman, 2007)

Define Problems or defining the problem. This first element is the main frame / master frame that emphasizes how events are interpreted differently by journalists, so the reality that is formed will be different.

Causes diagnosis or estimates the cause of the problem. This is the framing element used to frame "who" (who). Defining the source of this problem explains who is considered the perpetrator and who is the victim in the case.

Make Moral Judgment or the formation of moral values. This element is used to provide arguments on the definition of the problem that has been made.

Treatment Recommendation or providing solutions. This is the element by which to judge what the journalist wants; what path was chosen to solve the problem. Problem solving depends very much on how the event is viewed and who is seen as causing the problem.

In this study, researchers took data from online media which is the object of this study, namely Kompas.com and Detik.com regarding the case of the arrest of Djoko Tjandra. Researchers chose the July 31 to August 7 2020 edition. Because, on that date, almost all of the news in the two online media contained the case of the arrest of Djoko Tjandra.

3. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The object of this research is news about the process of determining and arresting the Djoko Tjandra corruption case in the online media Detik.com and Kompas.com from 31 July-7 August 2020. Djoko Tjandra, who is a suspect in the Bank Bali Receivable Rights Case (Cessie) and bribery The attorney general regarding the removal of red notice is considered to be quite clever and shrewd in avoiding legal cases. This is evident from him who was a fugitive from the state for 11 years. However, finally, on July 30, 2020, Djoko Tjandra was successfully arrested by the Indonesian Police Criminal Investigation Unit in collaboration with the Malaysian Police.

No.	Title	Media
1.	Behind the arrest of Djoko Tjandra, Jokowi's order is the pressure for the legal process of helping persons	Kompas.com (31 July 2020)
2.	Kemenkumham Issued the SPLP to Bring Djoko Tjandra from Malaysia to Indonesia	Kompas.com (1 August 2020)
3.	Kapolri: Djoko Tjandra Is Cunning and Very Cleve	Kompas.com (31 July 2020)
4.	Otto Hasibuan Officially Becomes Legal Counsel for Djoko Tjandra	Kompas.com (2 August 2020)
5.	Attorney General's Office is ready if Djoko Tjandra submits another PK	Kompas.com (4 August 2020)
6.	The Pinangki Prosecutor's Investigation, Between Rights and Efforts to Build Public Trust	Kompas.com (7 August 2020)

Table 1. News about the arrest of Djoko Tjandra in Kompas.com media

(Source: <https://nasional.kompas.com/>)

No	Title	Media
1	The Silent Hunting of Djoko Tjandra in a Luxury Malaysia Apartment	Detik.com (01 August 2020)
2	End of 11 Years of Escape Djoko Tjandra: Sleeping-Pooping in Cells	Detik.com (01 August 2020)
3	New Chapter of Djoko Tjandra's Resistance	Detik.com (03 August 2020)

4	Mungkinkah Jaksa Pinangki Beraksi Seorang Diri Temui Djoko Tjandra?	Detik.com (03 August 2020)
5	Prosecutor's Sale and Purchase Attack vs Otto Hasibuan	Detik.com (05 August 2020)
6	Regarding Djoko Tjandra, Attorney General Asked for Decisive Action on Related Subordinates	Detik.com (06 August 2020)

Table 2. News about the arrest of Djoko Tjandra in the Detik.com media
 (Source: <https://www.detik.com/>)

News Frame Kompas.com: Prominent Phenomenon as a Legal Problem

Kompas.com intensively released news related to the process of arresting Djoko Tjandra by Bareskrim Polri in Malaysia on July 30-31, 2020. There were approximately 30 news stories that filled its media platform. This is evidence that this case has considerable news value for the people of Indonesia, considering that the Djoko Tjandra case has been going on for a long time, starting in 2009 when he stumbled over the Transfer of Receivables Receivables (Cessie) Bank Bali which caused losses to the state as much as 940 billion.

Kompas.com highlighted this case as purely a legal problem. There are several underlying aspects:

1. All cases related to Djoko Tjandra can be brought to the realm of law. In almost every report about Djoko Tjandra, Kompas.com always includes the legal basis that covers him. Otto Hasibuan's view as Djoko Tjandra's lawyer on Djoko Tjandra's detention was the execution of the Supreme Court decision in 2009 which was submitted by the prosecutor and was considered invalid because the verdict did not contain a detention order. The legal basis underlying:
 - a. Article 197 of the Criminal Procedure Code (KUHAP) paragraph (1) letter (k), which states that a criminal judgment must contain an order for the accused to be detained or released.
 - b. The verdict against Djoko Tjandra came before the Court's decision on Article 97 of the Criminal Procedure Code on 22 November 2012. The Constitutional Court's decision is not retroactive so it can only be applied to decisions after 22 November 2012.

Kompas.com always emphasizes violations of articles in the law committed by Djoko Tjandra and certain elements related to his case. Legal references used:

- a. Article 5 Paragraph 1, Article 13 of Law Number 20 Year 2001 concerning Eradication of Corruption, Article 55 of the Criminal Code.

- b. Article 5 Paragraph 2, Article 11, and Article 12 letters a and b of Law Number 20 of 2001 concerning Eradication of Corruption, Article 55 of the Criminal Code.
 - c. Article 23 letter h of Law Number 12 Year 2006 concerning Citizenship of the Republic of Indonesia.
 - d. Article 263 Paragraph (2) of the Criminal Code related to the use of fake documents
 - e. Article 223 of the Criminal Code concerning efforts to help detainees escape
 - f. Article 263 Paragraphs 1 and 2 of the Criminal Code Article 55 Paragraph 1 to 1e of the Criminal Code, Article 426 of the Criminal Code, and / or Article 221 Paragraphs 1 and 2 of the Criminal Code
2. Selection of sources in each report on the Arrest of Djoko Tjandra has a legal background such as the Coordinating Minister for Political, Legal and Security Affairs (Menko Polhukam), National Police Chief, Head of the Police Criminal Investigation Agency, Head of the Center for Legal Information (Kapuspenkum) Attorney General's Office, Lawyer, as well as Professor of the Faculty of Law, University of Indonesia.

Define Problem

Through the uploaded news, an outline can be drawn that Kompas.com found several main problems in this case, including:

1. Whereas the Djoko Tjandra case was a long case. The reason is that this polemic has been going on for about 12 years until finally Djoko was arrested by the Malaysian police and Bareskrim Polri in Malaysia and arrived in Indonesia on July 30, 2020.
2. There are elements of the state apparatus involved in this case, such as the police, attorney general, and others.
3. The emergence of suspicion and public questions regarding the credibility of the institution in handling the matter of prosecutors who are suspected of being involved in this polemic.

Of the three main issues above, Kompas.com highlighted that the involvement of state apparatus in the Djoko Tjandra case eventually aroused public suspicion. Kompas.com considers the Attorney General's Office to be a legal institution that is less open in handling this case. This is also emphasized by the statement of the Commissioner of the RI Prosecutor's Commission.

"The Commission (Attorney) does not expect it (credibility to decline) to happen. Because building and maintaining a public trust is very difficult," he said.

Diagnose Cause

Based on the news, there are several sources of problems that Kompas.com wants to address:

1. Djoko Tjandra is known to be smart and persistent, including in carrying out legal evasion when his name was dragged off in a number of legal cases. Some of Djoko Tjandra's efforts have not been spared from the help of law enforcement officials, from the removal of red notices at Inetrpol to the abuse of police passes.
2. Through Otto Hasibuan's statement as Djoko Tjandra's attorney, there is a mismatch between Djoko Tjandra's detention and the reference to Law Article 197 so that the prosecutor has no basis to execute. From this, it can be seen that the public's doubts were answered by the lack of clear and precise legal processes and instructions carried out by legal institutions.

Make Moral Judgment

In one of its reports entitled "Kapolri: Djoko Tjandra Is Cunning and Very Clever" on July 31, 2020, Kompas.com emphasized the need for introspection on the attitudes and performance of the Attorney General's Office. Through a public assessment, Kompas.com highlighted that the Attorney General's Office was not transparent enough to handle this case. The involvement of law enforcement officers in this case should not shake the principles, credibility and accountability of law enforcers and institutions to always be cooperative, objective and transparent. This was reaffirmed by the statement of the National Police Chief:

"Once again, this is a form of our commitment. We will be transparent, objective, to thoroughly investigate what happened," he said.

Treatment Recommendation

Regarding this case, Kompas.com recommends several solutions, including:

1. So that the authorities and investigators in carrying out the legal process of Djoko Tjandra be guarded openly and transparently and will not be covered up.
2. The process of handling police officers suspected of being in this case can be carried out transparently and objectively.
3. The Attorney General's Office can be cooperative and open in handling this case. The reason is, this is related to the spirit of transparency and accountability in law enforcement which needs to be maintained so that the public will continue to trust.

Frame detik.com: Legal and Moral Issues

The news that was raised by Detik.com regarding Djoko Tjandra's arrest began on July 30, 2020. Approximately 30 stories filled their media. Hashtags about Djoko Tjandra have also been popular searches on Detik.com's media pages for days.

Detik.com highlighted this case as a legal and moral issue. There are several things that underlie the results of the researcher's analysis, namely:

1. Detik.com reporting Djoko Tjandra into the realm of law can be seen from the news he made by always highlighting that Djoko Tjandra was found guilty of committing a criminal act of corruption in the decision of PK 12K / Pid.Sus / 2009 dated June 11, 2009. Apart from legal issues, Detik .com also highlighted this case as a moral problem because it was also mentioned in several reports that Djoko Tjandra was absent from the prosecutor's summons several times and had "run away" from the law.
2. Detik.com also reported several times what Djoko Tjandra's detention cell was like and how the prosecutor's office and other law enforcement officials were not firm in handling the case.

Define Problem

In the news uploaded by Detik.com, it was informed that the Republic of Indonesia Police (Polri) finally managed to arrest Djoko Tjandra, who repeatedly failed to attend calls from the Prosecutor's Office to be executed and fled abroad. In the decision of PK 12K / Pid.Sus / 2009 dated June 11, 2009, Djoko Tjandra was found guilty of committing a criminal act of corruption and it continues. Djoko Tjandra was involved in the Bank Bali cessie which caused losses to the state amounting to Rp. 904 billion, of which the funds flowed to Djoko Tjandra around Rp. 546 billion.

But in 2009, Djoko Tjandra has managed to go abroad. Corruption and "running away" from the law are not appropriate. The behavior that evades the law is an ethical issue. The following statement appeared in the news: "Djoko Tjandra is indeed cunning and very clever. He often moves places. But, thank God, thanks to the patience and hard work of the team, Djoko Tjandra was successfully secured,". Djoko Tjandra was arrested in his luxury apartment in Malaysia and then immediately taken to his homeland.

Diagnose Causes

In all the news on detik.com, Djoko Tjandra is positioned as a fugitive and a suspect in the Bank Bali corruption case. The determination of fugitive was because Djoko Tjandra was given the opportunity to call back once after being absent from the previous summons but he also did not attend the summons. The AGO also named Djoko Tjandra as a fugitive. Djoko

Tjandra was finally arrested in collaboration with the Police and the Malaysian Police in his luxury apartment in Malaysia. Djoko Tjandra was later named a suspect and placed in a detention cell.

Detik.com has also reaffirmed the authority that the Attorney General has and should be able to exercise. This can be seen in the quotation of the source in the news article entitled "Problem Djoko Tjandra, Attorney General Requested Decisive Action for Related Subordinates". The following is the statement from the news: "The Attorney General as the highest authority in the Attorney General's Office can take firm action against anyone involved and related to" Djoko Tjandra Gate "".

Make Moral Judgment

In the online media Detik.com, Djoko Tjandra, who previously always escaped legal traps and was absent from summons from the Prosecutor's Office. In this case, Djoko Tjandra benefited himself and involved other people and law enforcers in his case to free himself from the bondage of the law. This is an introspection for law enforcement officials so that their performance is cleaner and does not violate the law.

Detik.com also criticized the authority and performance of the Attorney General. This can be seen in the quotation chosen to be displayed in the news, namely "The Attorney General as the highest authority in the Attorney General's Office can take firm action against anyone involved and related to" Djoko Tjandra Gate "" . The sentence was made by Detik.com news source, namely Abdul Fickar Hadjar, a criminal expert.

The panel of judges found Djoko Tjandra guilty of a criminal act of corruption and it continues. In decision No.12PK / Pidsus / 2009, Djoko Tjandra was sentenced to 2 years in prison and had to pay a fine of Rp. 15 million.

Treatment Recommendation

Thanks to the collaboration between the Indonesian Police and the Malaysian Police, Djoko Tjandra was finally arrested on Thursday (30/072020) in Malaysia. Shortly after his arrest, Djoko Tjandra was immediately flown to his homeland. Here's the statement in the news:

"Djoko Tjandra got out of the plane wearing an orange prison suit and his hands tied. He was immediately taken to the Police Criminal Investigation Unit".

4. CONCLUSION

Kompas.com and Detik.com have differences in reporting the process of determining and arresting the Djoko Tjandra corruption case. Starting from the moment of defining the problem,

these two online media have differences. Kompas.com views the problem purely as a legal problem. This is confirmed by the existence of legal references that are attached in almost all reports regarding the arrest of Djoko Tjandra and the selection of sources who have legal backgrounds. Meanwhile, in addition to presenting news related to law violations, Detik.com also presents news related to moral issues such as Djoko Tjandra committing corruption and running from the law. Seconds has the view that the behavior of avoiding the law is an ethical issue.

Detik.com highlighted Djoko Tjandra's attitude that benefited himself and involved others and law enforcers in his case to free himself from legal traps. Detik also highlighted the performance of law enforcement officers to make it cleaner and not violate the law. Meanwhile, almost the same as Detik.com, Kompas.com criticized the performance and credibility of law enforcement officials in guarding this case. Law enforcement agencies are considered not transparent and credible in handling ongoing legal processes. The reason is, there are law enforcers who also stumble upon this case.

The recommendations for solving the problems of the two media above are almost aligned, namely regarding the performance of law enforcement officials. Detik.com appreciates the performance of Bareskrim Polri in arresting Djoko Tjandra. Kompas.com hopes that the investigation carried out by the authorities on Djoko Tjandra's legal process will be guarded openly, objectively and transparently.

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